

WiFeS integral field spectroscopy of early-stage QSO candidates J. Scharwächter¹, J. Zuther², M. A. Dopita¹, A. Eckart², S. Fischer², S. Komossa³

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The Wide Field Spectrograph WiFeS at the ANU 2.3 m telescope at Siding Spring Observatory is used for optical integral field spectroscopy of early-stage QSO candidates from a sample of z < 0.06 borderline type-1 QSOs. A first assessment of line diagnostics for HE 2211-3903 is presented as a part of an ongoing multi-wavelength study.

Wide Field Spectrograph WiFeS







(Dopita et al. 2007, 2010):

- Integral field spectroscopy in 25" x 38" field of view
- Simultaneous observations in blue and red arm
- Spectral resolutions of R_s=3000 and R_s=7000
- **Borderline type-1 QSO sample** (see König et al. 2009, Betram et al. 2007, Fischer et al. 2006):
 - 99 z < 0.06 type-1 AGN from the Hamburg/ESO quasar catalogue (Wisotzki et al. 2000)
 - Luminosities around classical Seyfert/QSO demarcation





HE 2211-3903 (ESO 344-G016) (a) z = 0.0397

• 1" ~ 0.8 kpc

Early-stage QSO candidate based on IRAS colour selection

H-band image of HE 2211-3903 (Sofl, NTT, ESO): Stellar bar



Nuclear spectrum of HE 2211-3903: Broad hydrogen lines agree with the type 1 nature of the AGN. The spectrum shows an underlying stellar contribution.



Diagnostic maps: AGN-photoionised gas separates from HII regions. There are signs of AGN photoionisation of the low-density ISM in the eastern part of the ring.



References:

• Bertram et al. 2007, A&A, 470, 571 • Dopita et al. 2006, ApJS, 167, 177 Dopita et al. 2007, Ap&SS, 310, 255 • Dopita et al. 2010, arXiv:1002.4472 • Fischer et al. 2006, A&A, 452, 827 • König et al. 2009, A&A, 507, 757 • Wisotzki et al. 2000, A&A, 358, 77

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